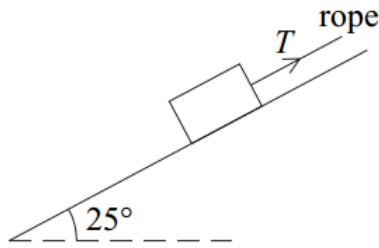

Mechanics 1: Friction

Past Paper Questions
2006 - 2013

Name:

January 2006

- 8 A rough slope is inclined at an angle of 25° to the horizontal. A box of weight 80 newtons is on the slope. A rope is attached to the box and is parallel to the slope. The tension in the rope is of magnitude T newtons. The diagram shows the slope, the box and the rope.

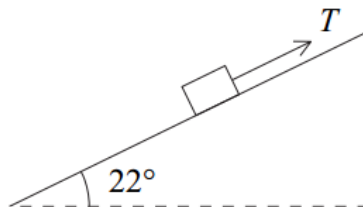


- (a) The box is held in equilibrium by the rope.
- (i) Show that the normal reaction force between the box and the slope is 72.5 newtons, correct to three significant figures. *(3 marks)*
 - (ii) The coefficient of friction between the box and the slope is 0.32. Find the magnitude of the maximum value of the frictional force which can act on the box. *(2 marks)*
 - (iii) Find the least possible tension in the rope to prevent the box from moving down the slope. *(4 marks)*
 - (iv) Find the greatest possible tension in the rope. *(3 marks)*
 - (v) Show that the mass of the box is approximately 8.16 kg. *(1 mark)*

June 2006

- 4 A block is being pulled up a rough plane inclined at an angle of 22° to the horizontal by a rope parallel to the plane, as shown in the diagram.

The mass of the block is 0.7 kg, and the tension in the rope is T newtons.



- (a) Draw a diagram to show the forces acting on the block. *(1 mark)*
- (b) Show that the normal reaction force between the block and the plane has magnitude 6.36 newtons, correct to three significant figures. *(3 marks)*
- (c) The coefficient of friction between the block and the plane is 0.25. Find the magnitude of the frictional force acting on the block during its motion. *(2 marks)*

June 2007

- 6** A box, of mass 3 kg, is placed on a slope inclined at an angle of 30° to the horizontal. The box slides down the slope. Assume that air resistance can be ignored.

A simple model assumes that the slope is smooth.

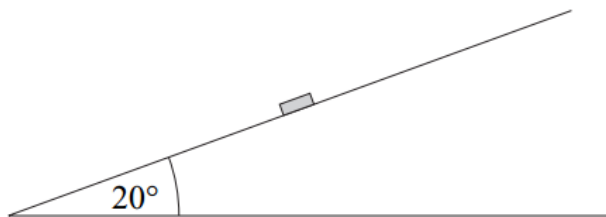
- (i) Draw a diagram to show the forces acting on the box. *(1 mark)*

A revised model assumes that the slope is rough. The box slides down the slope from rest, travelling 5 metres in 2 seconds.

- (ii) Find the magnitude of the friction force acting on the box. *(3 marks)*
- (iii) Find the coefficient of friction between the box and the slope. *(5 marks)*

January 2008

- 5** A puck, of mass 0.2 kg, is placed on a slope inclined at 20° above the horizontal, as shown in the diagram.



The puck is hit so that initially it moves directly up the slope.

- (a) A model assumes that the surface is rough and that the coefficient of friction between the puck and the surface is 0.5.
- (i) Show that the magnitude of the friction force acting on the puck during this motion is 0.921 N, correct to three significant figures. *(3 marks)*

January 2009

- 5** A sledge of mass 8 kg is at rest on a rough horizontal surface. A child tries to move the sledge by pushing it with a pole, as shown in the diagram, but the sledge **does not move**. The pole is at an angle of 30° to the horizontal and exerts a force of 40 newtons on the sledge.

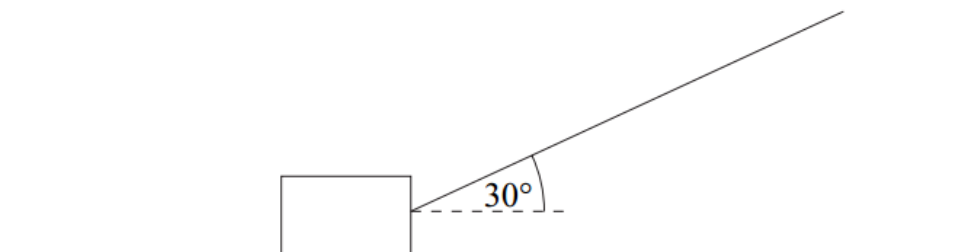


Model the sledge as a particle.

- (a) Draw a diagram to show the four forces acting on the sledge. *(1 mark)*
- (b) Show that the normal reaction force between the sledge and the surface has magnitude 98.4 N. *(3 marks)*
- (c) Find the magnitude of the friction force that acts on the sledge. *(2 marks)*
- (d) Find the least possible value of the coefficient of friction between the sledge and the surface. *(3 marks)*

June 2009

- 8** The diagram shows a block, of mass 20 kg, being pulled along a rough horizontal surface by a rope inclined at an angle of 30° to the horizontal.

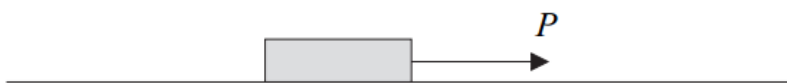


The coefficient of friction between the block and the surface is μ . Model the block as a particle which slides on the surface.

- (a) If the tension in the rope is 60 newtons, the block is in equilibrium.
- (i) Show that the magnitude of the normal reaction force acting on the block is 166 N. *(3 marks)*
- (ii) Find μ . *(4 marks)*

June 2010

- 2** A block, of mass 10 kg, is at rest on a rough horizontal surface, when a horizontal force, of magnitude P newtons, is applied to the block, as shown in the diagram.



The coefficient of friction between the block and the surface is 0.5.

- (a) Draw and label a diagram to show all the forces acting on the block. (1 mark)
- (b) (i) Calculate the magnitude of the normal reaction force acting on the block. (1 mark)
- (ii) Find the maximum possible magnitude of the friction force between the block and the surface. (1 mark)
- (iii) Given that $P = 30$, state the magnitude of the friction force acting on the block. (1 mark)

June 2011

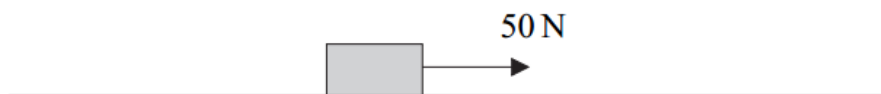
- 2** A wooden block, of mass 4 kg, is placed on a rough horizontal surface. The coefficient of friction between the block and the surface is 0.3. A horizontal force, of magnitude 30 newtons, acts on the block and causes it to accelerate.



- (a) Draw a diagram to show all the forces acting on the block. (1 mark)
- (b) Calculate the magnitude of the normal reaction force acting on the block. (1 mark)
- (c) Find the magnitude of the friction force acting on the block. (2 marks)

January 2012

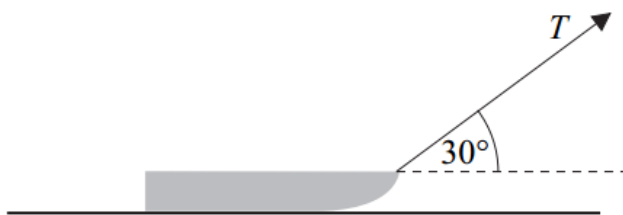
- 2** A block, of mass 4 kg, is made to move in a straight line on a rough horizontal surface by a horizontal force of 50 newtons, as shown in the diagram.



Assume that there is no air resistance acting on the block.

- (a) Draw a diagram to show all the forces acting on the block. (1 mark)
- (b) Find the magnitude of the normal reaction force acting on the block. (1 mark)

- 6** A child pulls a sledge, of mass 8 kg, along a rough horizontal surface, using a light rope. The coefficient of friction between the sledge and the surface is 0.3. The tension in the rope is T newtons. The rope is kept at an angle of 30° to the horizontal, as shown in the diagram.



Model the sledge as a particle.

- (a) Draw a diagram to show all the forces acting on the sledge. *(1 mark)*
- (b) Find the magnitude of the normal reaction force acting on the sledge, in terms of T . *(3 marks)*

- 3** A box, of mass 3 kg, is placed on a rough slope inclined at an angle of 40° to the horizontal. It is released from rest and slides down the slope.
- (a) Draw a diagram to show the forces acting on the box. *(1 mark)*
- (b) Find the magnitude of the normal reaction force acting on the box. *(2 marks)*
- (c) The coefficient of friction between the box and the slope is 0.2. Find the magnitude of the friction force acting on the box. *(2 marks)*
- (d) Find the acceleration of the box. *(3 marks)*
- (e) State an assumption that you have made about the forces acting on the box. *(1 mark)*

- 7** A block of mass 30 kg is dragged across a rough horizontal surface by a rope that is at an angle of 20° to the horizontal. The coefficient of friction between the block and the surface is 0.4.
- (a)** The tension in the rope is 150 newtons.
- (i)** Draw a diagram to show the forces acting on the block as it moves. *(2 marks)*
- (ii)** Show that the magnitude of the normal reaction force on the block is 243 newtons, correct to three significant figures. *(3 marks)*
- (iii)** Find the magnitude of the friction force acting on the block. *(2 marks)*
- (iv)** Find the acceleration of the block. *(4 marks)*
- (b)** When the block is moving, the tension is reduced so that the block moves at a constant speed, with the angle between the rope and the horizontal unchanged. Find the tension in the rope when the block is moving at this constant speed. *(5 marks)*
- (c)** If the block were made to move at a greater **constant** speed, again with the angle between the rope and the horizontal unchanged, how would the tension in this case compare to the tension found in part **(b)**? *(1 mark)*